

WHEREAS, coordinated investigations into RBC's activities in connection with RBC's marketing and sale of auction rate securities ("ARS") have been conducted by a multi-state task force; and

WHEREAS, RBC has provided documentary evidence and other materials, and provided regulators with access to information relevant to their investigations; and

WHEREAS, RBC has entered into a Settlement Term Sheet dated October 8, 2008 (the "Settlement") with the North American Securities Administrator's Association ("NASAA"), which recommends to NASAA members the settlement terms intended to resolve the investigation into the marketing and sale of ARS by RBC; and

WHEREAS, RBC and the Bureau Chief wish to resolve these issues in accordance with the terms of the Settlement and without the expense and delay that formal administrative proceedings would involve; and

WHEREAS, RBC consents to the form and entry on this Consent Order without admitting or denying the allegations set forth herein. Accordingly, RBC permanently waives the following rights:

- a. To be afforded an opportunity for hearing on the Bureau Chief's findings and conclusions of law in this Consent Order after reasonable notice within the meaning of N.J.S.A. 49:3-58(c)(2); and
- b. To seek judicial review of, or otherwise challenge or contend, the validity of this Consent Order; and

WHEREAS, RBC agrees that for purposes of this matter, or any future proceedings to enforce this Consent Order by the Bureau Chief, this Consent Order shall have the same effect as if proven and ordered after a full hearing held pursuant to N.J.S.A. 52:14B-1 et seq.; and

WHEREAS, the provisions set forth in this Consent Order constitute the entire agreement between the Bureau and RBC, and shall supersede any conflicting provisions contained in the Settlement.

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Bureau Chief makes the following findings of fact:

1. RBC, a subsidiary of Royal Bank of Canada, and formerly known as RBC Dain Rauscher Inc., is doing business as RBC Wealth Management, admits the jurisdiction of the Bureau, neither admits nor denies the findings of fact and conclusions of law contained in this Consent Order, and consents to the entry of this Consent Order by the Bureau.
2. RBC and its subsidiaries and affiliates including Ferris, Baker Watts, LLC and J.B. Hanauer & Co. have engaged in the sale of ARS in the state of New Jersey.

Auction Rate Securities

3. Auction rate securities are long-term debt or equity instruments issued by municipalities, corporations and student loan companies, or perpetual equity instruments issued by closed end mutual funds, with variable interest rates that reset through an auction bidding process.
4. While ARS are all long-term instruments, one significant feature of ARS (which historically provided the potential for short-term liquidity) is the interest/dividend reset through auctions that occur in varying increments of between 7 and 42 days. If an auction is successful, investors are able to exit the ARS market on a short-term basis. If, however, an auction “fails,” investors are required to hold all or some of their ARS until the next successful auction in order to liquidate their funds.

5. As an underwriter of ARS, RBC also acted as the managing broker-dealer for certain issues of ARS. When acting as sole manager, RBC was the only firm that could submit bids into the auction on behalf of its clients and/or other broker-dealers who wanted to buy and/or sell any ARS. When acting as lead manager, RBC was the primary firm that could submit bids into the auction, while other broker-dealers were able to submit orders on behalf of their clients as well. RBC received revenue in connection with ARS, including an underwriting fee representing a percentage of total issuance and a fee for managing the auctions.

RBC Made Misrepresentations to Certain Investors in Connection with the Sale of Auction Rate Securities

6. RBC represented to certain of its customers that ARS were highly liquid, safe, cash alternative investments.

7. These representations were misleading as to certain investors. ARS were in fact different from cash and money market funds. As discussed above, the liquidity of an auction rate security relied on the successful operation of the Dutch auction process. In the event of a failed auction, investors cannot sell their ARS and are stuck holding long-term investments, not cash-equivalent securities. As discussed below, starting in the Fall of 2007, the ARS market faced dislocation and an increased risk of failure.

8. Since the inception of the auction market, RBC submitted support bids and purchased orders for the entirety of an auction rate security issue for which it acted as the sole or lead broker. Support bids were RBC proprietary orders that would be filled, in whole or in part, if there was otherwise insufficient demand in an auction. When RBC purchased ARS through support bids, those ARS were then owned by RBC and the holdings were recorded on RBC's balance sheet. For risk management purposes, RBC imposed limits on the amounts of ARS it could hold in inventory.

9. Because many investors could not ascertain how much of an auction was filled through RBC proprietary trades, investors could not determine if auctions were clearing because of normal marketplace demand, or because RBC was making up for the lack of demand through support bids. Generally, investors were also not aware that the ARS market was dependent upon RBC's use of support bids for its operation. While RBC could track its own inventory as a measure of the supply and demand for ARS, ordinary investors had no comparable ability to assess the operation of the market. There was no way for investors to monitor supply and demand in the market or to assess when broker-dealers might decide to stop supporting the market, which could cause its collapse.

By the Fall of 2007, the Auction Rate Securities Market Faced Dislocation

10. In August 2007, the credit crisis and other deteriorating market conditions strained the ARS market. Some institutional investors withdrew from the market, decreasing demand for ARS.

11. The resulting market dislocation should have been evident to RBC. RBC support bids filled the increasing gap in the demand for ARS, sustaining the impression that the market was functioning. As a result, RBC's ARS inventory grew significantly, requiring RBC to raise its risk management limits on its ARS inventory several times.

12. From the Fall of 2007 through February of 2008, demand for ARS continued to erode and RBC's ARS inventory reached unprecedented levels. RBC was aware of the increasing strains on the ARS market, increasingly questioned the viability of the ARS market and planned for potential widespread market failure. RBC did not disclose these increasing risks of owning or purchasing ARS to all of its customers.

13. In February 2008, RBC and other firms stopped supporting most auctions. Without the benefit of support bids, much of the ARS market collapsed, leaving investors

who had been led to believe that these securities were cash alternative and liquid investments appropriate for managing short-term cash needs, holding long-term or perpetual securities that could not be sold at par value.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Solely for the purpose of this Consent Order, and without admitting or denying the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law set forth herein, RBC consents to the Bureau Chief making the following conclusions of law:

1. In connection with the conduct described in the findings of fact above, RBC engaged in dishonest and unethical conduct in the securities business, in violation of N.J.S.A. 49:3-58(a)(2)(vii).
2. In connection with the conduct described in the findings of fact above, RBC failed to reasonably supervise, and establish and enforce procedures necessary to detect and prevent such conduct, in violation of its duties under N.J.S.A. 49:3-58(a)(2)(xi).
3. The activities set forth herein are grounds, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 49:3-58(a)(1), N.J.S.A. 49:3-58(a)(2)(vii), and N.J.S.A. 49:3-58(a)(2)(xi), for the initiation of administrative proceedings; and further, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 49:3-67, to impose such other appropriate remedial measures as may be necessary in the public interest.

ORDER

On the basis of the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and RBC's consent to the entry of this Consent Order,

It is on this 28th day of JANUARY 2010, HEREBY ORDERED:

1. RBC Shall cease and desist from violating the Securities Law and will comply with the Securities Law.

2. Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 49:3-70.1, RBC is assessed and shall pay a civil monetary penalty in the amount of \$51,724.71 (New Jersey's pro rata share of the \$9,800,000 total penalty that RBC agreed to pay pursuant to the Settlement), payable within ten business days of signing this Consent Order, to "State of New Jersey, Bureau of Securities," 153 Halsey Street, 6th Floor, Newark, New Jersey 07102. The civil monetary penalty payment shall be deposited in the Securities Enforcement Fund, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 49:3-66.1;

3. RBC shall have taken certain measures with respect to current and former customers that purchased "Eligible ARS" from RBC, as defined below.

4. Eligible ARS. For purposes of this Consent Order, "Eligible ARS" shall mean ARS purchased from or through RBC prior to February 11, 2008 into an account maintained in the custody of RBC at the time of purchase.

5. Eligible Investors. As used in this Consent Order, "Eligible Investors" shall mean:

- i. Natural persons (including their IRA accounts, testamentary trust and estate accounts, custodian UGMA and UTMA accounts, and guardianship accounts) who directly purchased Eligible Auction Rate Securities;
- ii. Government entities and non-profits including charities, endowments or foundations with Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) status with \$25 million or less in assets in their accounts with RBC net of margin loans, as determined by the customer's aggregate household position(s) as of October 8, 2008, that directly purchased Eligible Auction Rate Securities;

iii. Small Businesses that directly purchased Eligible Auction Rate Securities at RBC. For purposes of this provision, "Small Businesses" shall mean RBC customers not otherwise covered in paragraph 7(i) and (ii) above that had \$10 million or less in assets in their accounts with RBC net of margin loans, as determined by the customer's aggregate household position(s) as of October 8, 2008, or, if the customer was not a customer of RBC as of October 8, 2008, as of the date that the customer terminated its customer relationship with RBC. Notwithstanding any other provision, "Small Businesses" does not include broker-dealers, banks acting as conduits for their customers, investment managers or other financial intermediaries, or customers that had total assets of greater than \$50 million as of October 8, 2008.

In no event shall RBC be required by this Consent Order to purchase more than \$10 million of ARS from any Small Business.

6. RBC shall have offered to buy back from Eligible Investors, at par plus accrued interest or dividends, if any, Eligible Auction Rate Securities that have failed at auction at least once between October 3, 2008 and June 30, 2009 ("Buyback Offer"). The Buyback Offer shall have remained open until June 30, 2009 ("Offer Period"). RBC may extend the Offer Period beyond this date.

7. RBC shall have undertaken its best efforts to identify and provide written notice to Eligible Investors who invested in Eligible Auction Rate Securities that have failed at auction at least once between October 3, 2008 and June 30, 2009 of the relevant terms of this Consent Order, together with an explanation of what Eligible Investors must do to accept, in whole or in part, the Buyback Offer, by December 5, 2008. RBC also shall

have undertaken its best efforts to identify and provide notice of the relevant terms of this Consent Order to such Eligible Investors not previously identified.

8. To the extent that any Eligible Investor who invested in Eligible Auction Rate Securities that have failed at auction at least once between October 3, 2008 and June 30, 2009 had not responded to the Buyback Offer, RBC shall have undertaken best efforts to provide any such Eligible Investor a second written notice on or before 45 days before the end of the Offer Period informing them of the relevant terms of this Consent Order, notifying such Eligible Investor of the impending expiration of the Offer Period, describing the state of the ARS market at that time, and explaining the consequences of failing to sell their ARS to RBC prior to the expiration of the Offer Period.

9. Eligible Investors may have accepted the Buyback Offer by notifying RBC at any time before 5:00 p.m., Eastern Standard Time, June 30, 2009, or such later date and time as RBC may extend the Offer Period. For Eligible Investors who accept the Buyback Offer within the Offer Period, RBC shall purchase the Eligible Auction Rate Securities on or before the next scheduled auction date that occurs after three business days following RBC's receipt of notification.

10. No later than two days after execution of this Consent Order, RBC shall have established: (a) a dedicated toll-free telephone assistance line, with appropriate staffing, to provide information and to respond to questions concerning the terms of this Consent Order; and (b) a public Internet page on its corporate Website(s), with a prominent link to that page appearing on RBC's relevant homepage(s), to provide information concerning the terms of this Consent Order and, via the telephone assistance line, together with an e-mail address or other reasonable means of communication, to respond to questions

concerning the terms of this Consent Order. RBC shall have maintained the telephone assistance line and Internet page through June 30, 2009.

Relief for Eligible Investors Who Sold Below Par

11. By May 31, 2009, RBC shall have undertaken its best efforts to identify any Eligible Investor who sold Eligible ARS below par between February 11, 2008 and October 8, 2008 and paid such Eligible Investors the difference between par and the price at which the Eligible Investor sold the Eligible ARS. RBC shall have undertaken its best efforts to identify and pay, as soon as reasonably possible, any Eligible Investors identified thereafter who sold Eligible ARS below par between February 11, 2008 and October 8, 2008.

Reimbursement for Related Loan Expenses

12. RBC shall have undertaken its best efforts to identify Eligible Investors who took out loans from RBC, between February 11, 2008 and May 31, 2009, that were secured by Eligible ARS that were not successfully auctioning at the time the loan was taken out from RBC, and paid interest associated with the ARS based portion of those loans in excess of the total interest and dividends received on the ARS during the duration of the loan. RBC shall have reimbursed such customers for such excess expense, plus reasonable interest thereon. Such reimbursement shall have occurred no later than May 31, 2009.

Consequential Damages Arbitration Process

13. RBC shall consent to participate in a special arbitration (“Arbitration”) for the exclusive purpose of arbitrating any Eligible Investor’s consequential damages claim arising from their inability to sell Eligible Auction Rate Securities. RBC shall have notified Eligible Investors of the terms of the Arbitration process through the notice

described in paragraph 10, immediately above.

14. The Arbitration shall be conducted by a single public arbitrator (as defined by section 12100(u) of the NASD Code of Arbitration Procedures for Customer Disputes, eff. April 16, 2007), under the auspices of FINRA. RBC shall pay all applicable forum and filing fees.

15. Any Eligible Investors who choose to pursue such claims in the Arbitration shall bear the burden of proving that they suffered consequential damages and that such damages were caused by their inability to access funds invested in Eligible Auction Rate Securities. In the Arbitration, RBC shall be able to defend itself against such claims; provided, however, that RBC shall not contest liability for the illiquidity of the underlying ARS position or use as part of its defense any decision by an Eligible Investor not to borrow money from RBC.

16. Eligible Investors who elect to use the special arbitration process provided for herein shall not be eligible for punitive damages, or for any other type of damages other than consequential damages.

17. All customers, including but not limited to Eligible Customers who avail themselves of the relief provided pursuant to this Consent Order, may pursue any remedies against RBC available under the law. However, those customers that elect to utilize the special arbitration procedures set forth above, rather than regular arbitration at FINRA, are limited to the remedies available in the special arbitration process and may not bring or pursue a claim relating to ARS in another forum.

Municipal Issuers

18. By May 31, 2009, or five business days from the date of this Consent Order, whichever is later, RBC shall refund to municipalities (which, for avoidance of doubt, do not include student loan securitization vehicles or closed-end mutual funds) underwriting fees the issuers paid to RBC for the refinancing or conversion of their ARS that occurred after February 11, 2008, where RBC acted as underwriter for the primary offering of the ARS between August 1, 2007 and February 11, 2008.

Institutional Investors

19. RBC shall endeavor to work with issuers and other interested parties, including regulatory and governmental entities, to expeditiously provide liquidity solutions for non-natural investors not covered by paragraph 5(ii) and (iii), immediately above that purchased ARS from RBC (“Institutional Investors”).

Reports to NASAA

20. Within 45 days of the end of each month, beginning with a report covering the period beginning October 8, 2008 and ending April 30, 2009 (due on June 15, 2009) and continuing monthly through and including a report covering the month ended December 31, 2009 (due on February 16, 2010), RBC shall submit a monthly written report detailing the efforts in which RBC has engaged and the results of those efforts with respect to RBC’s institutional investors’ holdings in ARS. The report shall be submitted to a representative specified by the North American Securities Administrators Association (“NASAA”). Beginning in June 2009, upon the request of NASAA, RBC shall meet quarterly with a designated NASAA representative to discuss its progress with respect to its obligations pursuant to this Consent Order. Such quarterly meetings shall

continue until no later than December 2009. The reporting or meeting deadlines set forth above may be amended with written permission from a designated NASAA representative.

ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

21. RBC agrees that it shall not, collectively or individually, seek or accept, directly or indirectly, reimbursement or indemnification, including, but not limited to, payment made pursuant to any insurance policy, with regard to any or all of the amounts payable pursuant to paragraph 2, immediately above.
22. In consideration of the settlement, the Bureau, has refrained from taking legal action against RBC with respect to RBC's marketing and sale to its institutional investors. The Bureau shall issue continuances as it deems appropriate.
23. If payment is not made by RBC, or if RBC defaults in any of its obligations set forth in this Consent Order, the Bureau may vacate this Consent Order, at its sole discretion, upon ten days notice to RBC and without opportunity for administrative hearing.
24. This Consent Order is not intended to indicate that RBC or any of its affiliates or current or former employees shall be subject to any disqualifications contained in the federal securities laws, the rules and regulations thereunder, the rules and regulations of self-regulatory organizations or various states' securities laws including any disqualifications from relying upon the registration exemptions or safe harbor provisions. In addition, this Consent Order is not intended to form the basis for any such disqualifications.
25. For any person or entity not a party to this Consent Order, this Consent Order does not limit or create any private rights or remedies against RBC including, without limitation,

the use of any e-mails or other documents of RBC or of others for the marketing and sale of ARS to investors, limit or create liability of RBC, or limit or create defenses of RBC to any claims.

26. Nothing herein shall preclude New Jersey, its departments, agencies, boards, commissions, authorities, political subdivisions and corporations, other than the Bureau and only to the extent set forth in paragraphs 1 and 19, immediately above, (collectively, “State Entities”) and the officers, agents or employees of State Entities from asserting any claims, causes of action, or applications for compensatory, nominal and/or punitive damages, administrative, civil, criminal, or injunctive relief against RBC in connection with the marketing and sale of ARS by RBC.

27. This Consent Order shall not disqualify RBC or any of its affiliates or current or former employees from any business that they otherwise are qualified or licensed to perform under applicable state law and this Consent Order is not intended to form the basis for any disqualification.

28. This Consent Order and any dispute related thereto shall be construed and enforced in accordance with, and governed by, the laws of New Jersey without regard to any choice of law principles.

29. RBC, through its execution of this Consent Order, voluntarily waives its right to a hearing on this matter and to judicial review of this Consent Order under N.J.S.A. 52:14B-1 et seq.

30. RBC enters into this Consent Order voluntarily and represents that no threats, offers, promises, or inducements of any kind have been made by the Bureau or any member, officer, employee, agent, or representative of the Bureau to induce RBC to enter into this Consent Order.

31. This Consent Order shall be binding upon RBC and its successors and assigns as well as to successors and assigns of relevant affiliates with respect to all conduct subject to the provisions above and all future obligations, responsibilities, undertakings, commitments, limitations, restrictions, events, and conditions.

32. Nothing in this Consent Order shall be considered an admission of fraud.

RBC hereby consents to the form and entry of this Consent Order without admitting or denying the allegations, findings and conclusions of law set forth herein.

RBC Capital Markets Corporation

By: Dorothy Heyl

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DATED: 1/27/10

NEW JERSEY BUREAU OF SECURITIES

By: Marc B. Minor

Marc B. Minor
Chief, Bureau of Securities

DATED: 1/28/10

CONSENT TO ENTRY OF CONSENT ORDER BY RBC

RBC hereby acknowledges that it has been served with a copy of this Consent Order, has read the foregoing Consent Order, is aware of its right to a hearing and appeal in this matter, and has waived the same.

RBC admits the jurisdiction of the Bureau, neither admits nor denies the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law contained in this Consent Order; and consents to entry of this Consent Order by the Bureau as settlement of the issues contained in this Consent Order.

RBC states that no promise of any kind or nature whatsoever was made to it to induce it to enter into this Consent Order and that it has entered into this Consent Order voluntarily.

Dorothy Heyl represents that she is of Counsel to RBC and that, as such, has been authorized by RBC to enter into this Consent Order for and on behalf of RBC.

RBC agrees that it shall not claim, assert, or apply for a tax deduction or tax credit with regard to any state, federal, or local tax for any administrative monetary penalty that RBC shall pay pursuant to this Consent Order.

Dated this 27 day of January, 2010.

RBC Capital Markets Corporation

By: Dorothy Heyl

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SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO before me this 27th day of January, 2010.

Richard M. Matlessich
Notary Public

RICHARD M. MATLESSICH
NOTARY PUBLIC, State of New York
No. 01MA6101046
Qualified in New York County
Commission Expires Nov. 3, 2011